## AASM Sleep Prioritization Survey Drinking Alcohol Past Bedtime

American Academy of
SLEEP MEDICINE"'
Sleep Prioritization
Survey
2020

## Survey Methodology

American Academy of Sleep Medicine (AASM) commissioned an online survey of 2,007 adults in the U.S. The margin of error for the sample fell within +/- 2 percentage points with a confidence interval of $95 \%$. The fieldwork took place between July 17-20, 2020. Atomik Research is an independent market research agency.

## Question

How often have you lost sleep because you stayed up "past your bedtime" to drink alcohol?

## Results

- $68 \%$ of Americans have lost sleep due to drinking alcohol past bedtime, including one in five Americans (20\%) who have often lost sleep due to drinking alcohol past bedtime.


## Overall Results

| Total | 2,007 |
| :--- | :--- |
| NET | $1,369(68 \%)$ |
| Often | $395(20 \%)$ |
| Sometimes | $612(30 \%)$ |
| Rarely | $362(18 \%)$ |
| Never | $638(32 \%)$ |

68\% of U.S. adults lose sleep due to drinking alcohol past bedtime.

## Results by Gender

|  | Male | Female |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Total | 1,099 | 908 |
| NET | $825(75 \%)$ | $544(60 \%)$ |
| Often | $259(24 \%)$ | $136(15 \%)$ |
| Sometimes | $374(34 \%)$ | $238(26 \%)$ |
| Rarely | $192(17 \%)$ | $170(19 \%)$ |
| Never | $274(25 \%)$ | $364(40 \%)$ |

Males (75\%) are more likely to lose sleep due to drinking alcohol past bedtime compared to females ( $60 \%$ ).

## Results by Non-Parents vs. Parents

| Total | 1,002 | 1,005 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| NET | $584(59 \%)$ | $785(78 \%)$ |
| Often | $129(13 \%)$ | $266(26 \%)$ |
| Sometimes | $279(28 \%)$ | $333(33 \%)$ |
| Rarely | $176(18 \%)$ | $186(19 \%)$ |
| Never | $418(42 \%)$ | $220(22 \%)$ |

Parents (78\%) are more likely to lose sleep due to drinking alcohol past bedtime compared to non-parents (59\%).

Results by Age Group

|  | $\mathbf{1 8 - 2 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 5 - 3 4}$ | $\mathbf{3 5 - 4 4}$ | $\mathbf{4 5 - 5 4}$ | $\mathbf{5 5 - 6 4}$ | $\mathbf{6 5 +}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Total | 560 | 421 | 617 | 226 | 128 | 55 |
| NET | $355(64 \%)$ | $301(71 \%)$ | $485(78 \%)$ | $146(65 \%)$ | $59(46 \%)$ | $23(42 \%)$ |
| Often | $100(18 \%)$ | $84(20 \%)$ | $168(27 \%)$ | $33(15 \%)$ | $8(6 \%)$ | $2(4 \%)$ |
| Sometimes | $166(30 \%)$ | $140(33 \%)$ | $206(33 \%)$ | $65(29 \%)$ | $24(19 \%)$ | $11(20 \%)$ |
| Rarely | $89(16 \%)$ | $77(18 \%)$ | $111(18 \%)$ | $48(21 \%)$ | $27(21 \%)$ | $10(18 \%)$ |
| Never | $205(37 \%)$ | $120(29 \%)$ | $132(21 \%)$ | $80(35 \%)$ | $69(54 \%)$ | $32(58 \%)$ |

35-44-yearolds are the most likely (78\%) to lose sleep due to drinking alcohol past bedtime.

## Results by Generation

|  | Gen Z <br> $(18-22)$ | Millennial <br> $(23-38)$ | Gen X <br> $(39-54)$ | Baby <br> Boomer <br> $(55-73)$ | Silent <br> Generation <br> $(74+)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Total | 450 | 754 | 620 | 178 | 5 |
| NET | $276(61 \%)$ | $548(73 \%)$ | $463(74 \%)$ | $81(46 \%)$ | $1(20 \%)$ |
| Often | $81(18 \%)$ | $156(21 \%)$ | $148(24 \%)$ | $10(6 \%)$ | $0(0 \%)$ |
| Sometimes | $135(30 \%)$ | $247(33 \%)$ | $195(31 \%)$ | $34(19 \%)$ | $1(20 \%)$ |
| Rarely | $60(13 \%)$ | $145(19 \%)$ | $120(19 \%)$ | $37(21 \%)$ | $0(0 \%)$ |
| Never | $174(39 \%)$ | $206(27 \%)$ | $157(25 \%)$ | $97(54 \%)$ | $4(80 \%)$ |

More than 7 in 10 Millennials (73\%) and Gen Xers (74\%) lose sleep due to drinking alcohol past bedtime.

## Results by Region

|  | Northeast | Midwest | South | West |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Total | 566 | 422 | 710 | 309 |
| NET | $409(72 \%)$ | $284(67 \%)$ | $466(65 \%)$ | $210(68 \%)$ |
| Often | $108(19 \%)$ | $89(21 \%)$ | $152(21 \%)$ | $46(15 \%)$ |
| Sometimes | $189(33 \%)$ | $126(30 \%)$ | $191(27 \%)$ | $106(34 \%)$ |
| Rarely | $112(20 \%)$ | $69(16 \%)$ | $123(17 \%)$ | $58(19 \%)$ |
| Never | $157(28 \%)$ | $138(33 \%)$ | $244(34 \%)$ | $99(32 \%)$ |

Those in the Northeast (72\%) are most likely to lose sleep due to drinking alcohol past bedtime.

## About the American Academy of Sleep Medicine

Established in 1975, the American Academy of Sleep Medicine (AASM) is advancing sleep care and enhancing sleep health to improve lives. The AASM has a combined membership of 11,000 accredited member sleep centers and individual members, including physicians, scientists and other health care professionals (https://aasm.org/).

